John Adam Roush was born in Germany in 1711. He came to America in 1736. The city of his birth was Darmstdt. After coming to America he journeyed to The Shenardoah Valley. His home was near America he journeyed to The Shenardoah Valley. His home was near ht. Jackson, Virginia. His wife was Susannah. They had nine sons that served in the Revolutionary War.

John Adam Roush died in 1786 and his wife Susanna died in 1796.

There is an old tombstone near Mt. Jackson Virginia and it reads:

Ano 1711 Gebohren Johannes Rausch Gestorben Den 19? Cctob er 1786

There has been a new marker placed and it reads as follows:

1711-John Adam Roush-1786 Emigrant from Darmstadt, Germany, 1736 Early Settler of the Shenandoah Valley

1713-His wife, Susannah-1796
Parents of Nine sons who served their country in the cause of independence

1741 Fhilip Roush 1820 --1742 Henry Roush 1831 1743 John Roush 1815 1746 Jacob Roush 1830 1749-Daniel Roush-1832

1753 Eleanor Roush Waddell 1827

Mary Magdalene (Zerkle)

1766 George Raush-1845 1763-Jonas Raush-1850

Their descendants living and dead number about 40,000 American citizens Records of the family available at most libries.

Henry Roush is buried at Wolfe Cemetery, Plants, Chio and George Roush At Weldon cemetery, Racine, Chio both in Meigs County, Chio overlooking the Chio River. Fhilip is buried in Cheshire, Gallia County, Chio, another report lists Henry being at Wolf cemetery Letart Falls, Chio, John is at Pt Pleasant West Virginia

Jacob Cheshire Chio, Daniel Rason Co., Va., Eleanor Waddle at Hulbert cemetery, near Alexander Church, Gallia County, Chio. Fary Magdalene Zerkle at New Parket Va, George at Racine, Chio and Jonas at Gilmore cemetery, Syracus, Chio.

Roush facts put in order.

I. John Adam Roush - born Darmstdt German in 1711
came to America in 1736
settled in Shenadoah Valley
near villages of Et. Jackson, Va.
Issue: at least 11
Wife: Susannah b. 1713
John's death - (19)October 1786
Susannah's death 1796
Burial near Mt. Jackson, Va.

this couple had 9 sons that served in the Revolutionary War.

II.iPhilip Roush 1741-1820 bur Cheshire, Gallia County Chio

ii.Henry 1742-1831 bur Wolf cemetery-Letart Falls or Plants, Chio

iii. John Roush Pt. Pleasant Chio bur. - 1743-1815

iv. Jacob Roush

1746-1830 . Born in Shenadoah County, Va.
Served in Revolutionary War from 1775-1783.

Married Catherine Fox in 1776.

Died in Cheshire, Gallia County Chio. Buried at Roush or Lucky cemetery, 1 mile back of Cheshire.

Grave not marked but supposed to be near that of Adam and Paul, his sons.

Jacob was a stockholder in Chio Land Co. Settled in Gallia County in 1803/

Issue: Jacob & Catherine(Fox) Roush

- a. Rosina Roush
- b. Dorothea Roush
- c. Catherine Roush
- d. John Roush
- e. Adam Rough
- f. Susannah Roush
- g. Faul Roush
- h. Cornelius Roush
- v. Daniel Roush 1749-1832 buried Mason County, Va.
- ***vi. Eleanor Roush(Waddell) 1753-1827 buried Hulbert cemetery, near Alexander Church, Callia County, Chio
 - vii. Mary Magdalene (Zerkle) no dates buried New Market, Va. viii. George Roush 1766 1845 buried Racine, Chio
 - ix. Jonas Roush -1763-1850 buried Racine, Chio
 List not complete.

History of the Roush Family: Secontion One Pg 422

ELEANOR RAUCH WADDELL BRANCH ALEXANDER WADDELL AND WIFE ELEANCR RAUSH AND THEIR DESCENDANTS

RY

Jack E. Nida, Attorney, Columbus, Chio

Forward

The purpose of the following brief outline of the life of Alexander Waddell and his descendants is not intended to be as exhaustive as the work on the Roush Family, but rather to make available to the many descendants of this family some of the information of the first several generations. It is to be hoped that a more complete work will become available sometime within the not too distant future. Any additions, corrections or comments on the following, leading to such a future undertaking will be welcomed by the writer. Full credit cannot be extended to the many who have contributed their but in the assembling of this information, but at least mention must be made to the valuable material assembled by Miss Mary Waddell of Westerville, Chio and the late James Campbell of Scottdale, Pa.

Alexander Waddell and his Brothers

Alexander Waddell was born in or near Glasgow Scotland, in the month of February, 1732....the same month and year which saw the birth of another great American, George Washington. We know little of the details of his early life, but we know that there were at least two other brothers, an elder brother WILLIAM and a younger brother MATTHEW. The Waddells were said to be prosperous weavers of that vicinity. ALEXANDER WADDELL came to America in 1755....tradition having it that he was accompanied by his brother William, who subsequently became separated from Him. William going northward toward New York, and the two brothers never meeting again. A further tradition is that both brothers came to America as solders under General Braddock who arrived the same year, serving with him in the famous battle and remaining in America to become pioneers in the new country. Little iá known of Alexander from the time of his arrival at the age of 24 years until the time of his narriage in 1771 fifteen years later. His service in the various French and Indiana Wars which were waged during this period might well account for the abscence of detailed records. Undoubtedly he soon found his way to the frontier where other Scotsmen were going and probably was frequently inand around the small settlement of Staunton in Augusta County, Va. where othe Maddells were prominent in the early days of that community. Probably they were related but the relationship is unknown as this time.

She preceded him in death by 7 years. He spent the later years of his life with his son Joseph, leaving him a spinning wheel, a large silver dressing spoon, a Bible which he and brought from Scotland inscribed with his own signature, and a large meat or turkey platter. These are owned now by Firs. Irene Clark Engign (Frs. John Ensign, a descendant of Joseph. She was formerly of Huntington, W Va but is now living in Redgewood, N. J.

There were twelve children born to Alexander and Eleanor Waddell, among them was James Waddell, the second son through whom our line traces its descent...... (This concludes the copied portion of the Roush Family History.

While we were in Gallipolis (Gallia County) Library in 1977, the librarian produced a folder that contained an outline of three generations of descendants of Alexander Waddell and Eleanor Roush. It was published August 6, 1950 by Jack E. Nida of 2737 East Broad St, Columbus 9, Chio. We will try to tie in the information of the 12 children and their descendants through the outline and some history from the (History of the Rousch Family).

Issue of Alexander Waddell (1732-1834) & Eleanor Roush Waddell (1752-1827).

- 1. William Waddell
- 11. James Waddell
- 111. John Waddell
- iv. Alexander Waddell, Jr.
 - v. Joseph Waddell
- vi. kartha Waddell
 - vii. Elizabeth Waddell
- viii. Ann Waddell
- ix. Fary Waddell
 - x. Miriam Waddell
- m xi. Jennie Waddell
- xii. Isabella Waddell
- ****Cur line

William Waddell Family.

(1) i. William Waddell was born February 7, 1773. Cn 24 Farch 1795 in Greenbrier County Va William and Mary Ross were married. Mary was born 24 April 1775, probably in Greenbriar Co. William, being the eldest, bought a farm adjoining his father's in Pocahontas County but in a few years decided to go across the mountain to the new Chio country. He made the trip on horseback to Scioto County Chio in 1800 but found the few settlers there shaking with the gue. He returned and in 1803 came again to Chio, bringing his wife and three daughters two of whom were old enough to ride horseback, the tird was a babe in arms. He settled in Green township Callia County on the "balt works Place" in the valley south of Mt.Zion' Church on the road between Gallipolis and Rodney. He was the forerunner of the Waddell family which came to hold such an important place in the

When he first explored the Levels all was mainly vacant or unclaimed, and he might have entered the greater part of it. He concluded it was too level and glady, and so he preferred the lands month of Fillpoint where he could be high enough to keep in the dry. Their daughter, Martha, married the late John Barlow, of Edray, mentioned elsewhere.

Elizabeth Waddell married William Sharp, near Edray. Ann Waddell married Squire James Sharp of Beaver Creek. Each of these sons-in law of the early pioneer are specially mentioned in this book as men of prominence in the affairs of the county. Mary Waddell married Squire John Gillilan, near Millpoint. This large family moved to Missouri, where their numerous descendants have their prosperous homes. Jennie Waddell married Josiah Erown, near Edray. Miriam Waddell was married to John Thompson and moved to Chio. The Waddell sons were John, William, and Alexander. To give his sons a chance to have their homes near him, the venerable pioneer concluded to move to Chio and settled near Gallipolis. These sons all died in Chio and their history is not much known to their friends in West Virginia. Mr. Waddell seems to have been a fervently pious person. It was his intense desire to live 100 years and he made this desire for longevity a matter of special prayer. He died in Chio at the age of 102 years, thus receiving a full measure and more of borrowed time. With long life God satisfied him, andshowed him his salvation. ---- Taken in part from History of Gaddhontas County by William T. Price

Close neighbors were the Ewings who later settled in Ewington,

Gallia County, Chio. On the edge of this frontier were many Indian raids
which culminated in the action known as Lord Dunmore's War, and
was featured by the Battle of Point Pleasant. Many of the company records
of these troops were lost, but it has been shown to the satisfaction of the
DAM, that Alexander Waddell fought in this battle under Capt. Arbuckle.
Mardesty's Mistory of Gallia County" states that Alexander Waddell fought
in the Battle of Foint Pleasant and emitions the powder horn which it
is said he picked up off the battlefield from a fallen Indiana. Later during
the Revolutionary War, Mardesty said that he fought under Geroge Washington.
It is probable that he fought in the southern capaign as there were in the
possession of his descendants for many years a watch and a whetstone which
Alexander found on the battlefield at Guilford Court House.

Another interesting tradition, which seems to be probable, is that Alexander was with Washington at the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, and after the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, and after the surrender, when the British soldiers and the Americans were mingling, Alexander met his younger brother l'atthew who had been drafted into the British service. Eatthew left the British and went back to the mountains with Alexander. It is the writer's belief that he married and lived near Alexander and that some misfortune happened to his family, possibly an Indiana attack and that only Fatthew and one daughter, Agnes, remained alive. Matthew did not remarry and lived with Alexander in Pocahontas County until Alexander's son William came to Callia County in 1803, when Matthew came also to Chio and is mentioned in Hardesty's History as the first school teacher in Green township. Hardesty also mentions Alexander having served in the War of 1812, but in all probabilities his service was in some local official capicity as at that time he was 80 years old. He remained in Focahontas County until 1817. when he and his younger son Joseph decided to follow his elder sons to Callia County, Chio. The church and school of Alexander was nameed for him and the sites were given by Him. He was a devout Methodist, having joined the church about 1762. His great amition was to live to be 100 years of age. He died at the age of 102, September 6, 1834 and was buried in the family graveyard later to be known as the Hulbert Graveyard, where his tombstone still bears this most appropriate inscription.

"A man that fought for liberty But now his soul doth rest in Faradise."

Eleanor (Roush) Waddell ded Cctober 9, 1827, aged 75 years and was buried in the family graveyard. Her tombstone bears the following inscription: (Misspelling noted)

"Ch wat a striking scen-In this cold grave appears, A Fortal turned to durst again Quit- spun out all her years."

Taken from the same book 1393.

(Alexander Waddell & Eleanor Rausch Waddell) lived at Little Levels, Creenbrier County, Va. Dyer's "Index to land Grants in W. Va.", published by h. H. Dyer, Charleston 1 Sovember 1895 listed 300 acres granted in the name of Alexander Waddell on 10 June 1783 at Little Levels. It is also recorded in the Land Grant book #1, pg 25, in Charleston, W. Va.

Surveyor's Second #1 Indix, DE 733, Folio 1, Greenbrier Co. states: Surveyed Bor Alexander Vadde 300 acres of land in the Little Levels.

between the end of Buckeye Mountain and Greenbrier River which he is intitled to by settlement before the first day of January, 1778....Signed by Thomas Edgar, Sge, Cct. 24, 1780.

This same tract of land is next found in land Fook #1 1791, Eath Co.
This same tract of land is next found in land Fook #1 1791, Eath Co.
Va. This County was formed by Acat of Legislature Dec 14, 1790,
Va. This County was formed by Acat of Legislature Dec 14, 1790,
Va. This County was formed by Acat of Legislature Dec 14, 1790,
County unit in 1791.

Additional lands, were added on 8 April 1796, 489 A on west side of Greenbrier joining the 300 A, also 50 A by warrent, also 842 and 332 A were added. On March 23, 1796, 237 A Were surveyed for him in Bath Co. (From Surveyor's Book #1, pg 260, Bath Co. Court House at Warm Springs, Va.

In Deed Book #3, pg 85 a deed dated 1805 from James and Margaret Lewis to James Maddell set out that the Grantors conveyed 112 A in Eath Co and by him conveyed to said Lewis by deed of Pargain and Sale. That left 366 A in this 478 Tract). However the Land book of 1805 Path Co. lists him as the owner of 300 A and 237 previously described and 363 A an error of 3 A. However by 1812 this was finally corrected. It further states Alexander Waddell had conveyed another 100 A.

1816 was the last year in which his name appears in ownership upon the Land books of Eath Co. which would indicate that he had left the County or disposed of his holdings.

This conclusing was supported by a Deed of Record in the same Court House, deed book #5, pg 325 dated Oct 11, 1816 in which he and his wife aleanor conveyed to Jacob Seibert for \$650.00 current money of Va. "A tract containing 478 A, 300 A that part therof formerly Granted to said Waddell by Fatent dated 13 June 1783 and 178 A, the residue is taken by virture the following land: (ffice Treasury Warrent 50 A part # 18672; 942 A by # 1714 issued November 30 1783; 33' A # 1778 issued 11 Feb 1786 whole in Eath Co. Va; 112 A to be excluded from survey occupied by John I chulty and purchased by William Cackley and 100 A occupied by Archibald Ellict and purchased of James Waddell"....signed by his mark. Bath Co. Clerk's office April 10, 1817.

The sale was proven by John Barlow (a : on-in law of Alexander) and on June 10 proven by John ickulty and on the 12th of August proven by dilliam Sharp (another son-in-law.)

By this time all the children of this couple were married except flexnader, Jr. and he married the following January 1817. Alexander and Eleanor were now preparing to journey to Chio to join their sons in Chio. They were about 84 and 64 years of age.

BRADSHAWS ** CON TIN UED .

Jame Bradshaw Tallman's second marriage was to Thomas Gammon. They were the parents of five children thus: William, John, Franklin, Cyrus and Martin. William married Elizabeth Slaven; Martha Jane's Cyrus and Martin. Campbell of Highland County, Virginia. Her first husband was Amos Campbell of Highland County, Virginia. Her first husband was to Rev. J. W. Canter, Methodist minister.

William Bradshaw married Jane Elliott Hickman of Back Creek.
They were the parents of nine children as follows:

Mary Jane Bradshaw married Alexander Moore.

Nancy Makamie Bradshaw married Isaac Hartman.

Senilda Filer Bradshaw married Washington Nottingham.

Huldah Hickman Bradshaw married John A, McLaughlin.

Martha Ann Bradshaw married Beverly Hugh Waugh.

Matilda Margaret Bradshaw married Nicholas Linger.

Rebecca Frances Bradshaw died early in life.

Rachel Hannah Bradshaw died at the age of six years.

William James Bradshaw married Mary Ellen Watson and settled

William James Bradshaw married Mary Ellen Watson and settled in Lewis County.

NOTES ON JOHN BRADSHAW, ESQ.:

John Bradshaw and his brother James was a native of England, before coming to this country. Bradshaw is a historic name in England. John Bradshaw at one time owned most of the land from Huntersvalle to Dilley's Mill. He donated, without reservation, the site for all the public buildings of the new Pocahontas County., at Huntersville the county seat. He once drew a ten thousand dollar prize in a lottery which made him a wealthy man for the times. He was drafted into the service about the time of Tarleton's raid on Charlottesville during the war of 1812.

John Bradshaw died suddenly in 1837. His garve is marked by a wild cherry tree in the old Huntersville cemetery, which is said to be growing directly over his grave.

The above is taken from <u>History of Pocahontas County</u>

BATTLES TAKING PLACE IN POCAHON TAS COUNTY DURING THE WAR BETWEEN
THE STATES.

Three Battles of Beverly

24 Apr. 1863 29 Oct. 1864 11 Jan. 1865.

Cheat Mountain Pass

12 to 14 Sept. 1863.

Chest River

6 Dec. 1863. 15 July 1861.

Bettle of Droop Mountain 6 Nov. 1865. FOTE: The above was taken from 'Battle Dates' by Newton A. Strait, Published in 1902.